(XXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1484.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1774.

PETERSBURGH, *October* 11.

ON Sunday laſt, the day appointed for the celebration of the nuptials of their imperial highneſſes, the four firſt claſſes of the nobility aſſembled in the Caſan church, and the ſtreets were lined by the guards, and ſome regiments of foot; and about noon, upon a ſignal being given, the proceſſion ſet out from the Winter-palace in the following order, viz.

A troop of horſe-guards—an equerry—the maſter of the ceremonies, in a coach and ſix—the ſecond maſter of the horſe with two attendants—the principal gentlemen late of the great duke's houſhold, and two coaches and ſix—the veneur and the maſter of the houſhold, in a coach and ſix—the grand veneur, great maſter of the houſhold, great cup-bearer, and the members of the privy council, in five coaches and ſix. His excellency privy counſellor Betſkoy—their ſerene highneſſes, the prince of Heſſe Darmſtadt, and the two princes of Holſtein Gottorp—kettle drums, and trumpets—ſixteen ſerjeants of the guards on horſeback, the marſhal of the court—the grand marſhal of the court—the quarter maſter of the court on horſeback with eight running footmen, twelve court laquais, and twenty-four footmen—the maſter of the pages, twelve pages, and twelve pages of the chamber, on horſeback—the chamberlains, and gentleman of the chamber, on horſeback—an equerry—her imperial majeſty, and their imperial highneſſes, in a ſtate coach, the maſter of the horſe riding on the right ſide of it, and an adjutant general on the left—the chevalier's guards, at the head of whom was prince Orlow, and in their rear count Alexis Orlow—their ſerene highneſſes the Landgravine and the princeſſes of Heſſe Darmſtadt—the ladies and maids of honour in different coaches.

The proceſſion was cloſed by a troop of horſe-guards.

In the centre of the church, which was richly decorated for the occaſion, was placed a throne for the empreſs, on the right hand of which was a gallery for their imperial highneſſes the great duke and ducheſs, their ſerene highneſſes the Landgravine and the princeſſes her daughters; and on the left a gallery for the foreign miniſters; the reſt of the church being filled with the four firſt claſſes of the nobility—the archbiſhop of Peterſburgh performed the marriage ceremony, during great part of which the eldeſt prince of Holſtein held a crown over the head of the great duke, as did the hereditary prince of Heſſe Darmſtadt over the great ducheſs.

After the ceremony a ſermon was preached by the archbiſhop, and the concluſion of the whole was announced by a running fire of the muſquetry, when the proceſſion returned in the ſame order in which they came. The weather was remarkably fine, which added much to the ſplendid appearance of the equipages and dreſſes, the magnificence of which nothing could exceed.

On the empreſs's return to the palace, her imperial majeſty received compliments of congratulation from the nobility and foreign miniſters, and afterwards dined in public on the throne with their imperial highneſſes, the Landgravine, the princeſſes, the prince of Heſſe Darmſtadt, and the two princes of Holſtein. Tables were ſpread in the adjoining apartments for the four firſt claſſes of the nobility. A ball in the evening concluded the firſt day's feſtivity.

The next morning their imperial highneſſes received the compliments of the nobility and foreign miniſters, and in the evening there was a ball and ſupper at court.

This day at noon two roaſted oxen, and a great quantity of proviſions of all ſorts, were placed on pyramids before the palace, and were, on a ſignal made, given to the populace, of which the whole court were ſpectators; at the ſame time fountains of red and white wine played till fifty hogſheads were emptied.

The empreſs has made very magnificent preſents to the Landgravine, and the two princeſſes her daughters.

LONDON, *November* 5.

A correſpondent informs us, that the ſingle liveryman who oppoſed the election of Mr. alderman Bull, on Wedneſday evening laſt, at the half moon, in Cheapſide, on being aſked why he held up his hand againſt ſuch a great majority, anſwered, Sir, I am a glazier by trade, and if there is no oppoſition how do you think the windows will get broke?

Nov. 7. As ſome workmen were employed in clearing away the rubbiſh at the weſt church in Edinburgh, they diſcovered a leaden coffin, which contained ſome bones and a leaden urn. Upon opening the urn, a moſt fragrant ſmell iſſued out; on inſpecting the cauſe of it, they found a human heart finely embalmed, and in the higheſt ſtate of preſervation. No inſcription was upon the coffin by which the date could be traced, but it muſt have been there for ſome centuries. It is conjectured, that the heart belonged to ſome perſon who, in the time of the Cruſades, had gone to the Holy-Land, and been there killed, and the heart, as was cuſtomary in thoſe times, embalmed and ſent home to be interred with ſome of the family.

By a letter from Borrowſtonneſs, near Edinburgh, we have the following remarkable inſtance of ſomnolency which happened in that place. A man who was employed as a reaper, having eaten ſome of the ſeed of the wild poppy, was thrown into a profound ſleep, which continued for eight days without the leaſt intermiſſion. Many methods were fallen upon to awaken him, but all to no effect; till at laſt, by jolting him for ſome time in a cart, he came to himſelf; he complained of ſickneſs, and called for a drink, which being accordingly cautiouſly adminiſtered to him, he recovered ſo well as to be able to walk up to Linlithgow that evening, which is a few miles diſtant from Borrowſtonneſs.

A correſpondent aſſures us, that one Henry Locke (a deſcendant of the famous John Locke, eſq; who made ſuch a figure in the learned world) has been for ſeveral months paſt at work, in contriving a machine to find out the perpetual motion, which he has now nearly completed. He lives on the lands of Caſtle-Morres, in the county of Kilkenny, Ireland, where the curious may have an opportunity of beholding the moſt ingenious piece of workmanſhip ever yet made in that kingdom.

Negociations having failed, and all the art and policy of the court of Berlin proved ineffectual, in ſeducing us into a war, it is ſaid that the king of Pruſſia, as the laſt effort, determined to ſeize the Danſzic timber, in hopes that the nation would fire at the inſult, and inſiſt upon war.

When a certain young nobleman (lord Lyttleton) was informed of the late unexpected death of his father, by a gentleman who went expreſs to Paris with the news, he burſt out into a flood of tears, and thus remained for ſome time; at length his grief found vent by his words, when he ſaid, "the whole buſineſs of my life ſhall be to imitate him who was the honour of mankind, as well as the moſt indulgent of fathers."

Nov. 8. If diviſions portend the downfall of an adminiſtration, the preſent is not likely to continue quite ſo long as the term ſpent in beſieging Troy. The appointment of Dr. Haye to be judge of the admiralty court has given riſe to freſh diſſentions amongſt the miniſtry. Lord North wiſhed to honour Dr. Burrell with promotion for a moſt excellent miniſterial reaſon, becauſe there were ſeveral votes in the family. Lord Sandwich had pitched on Dr. Marriott as his favourite to ſupply the vacancy. But the Bedford party, more for the ſake of oppoſing the premier than of rewarding merit, conferred the dignity on Dr. Haye.

From the part taken by the Bedford cabal in the promotion of Dr. Haye, and ſome other meaſures recently adopted by that faction, it ſeems to be their determined reſolution to effectuate the political deſtruction of Lord North the very firſt favourable opportunity which occurs.

Nov. 10. Mr. Miller, late printer of the London Evening Poſt, left London yeſterday morning.

Mr. Miller's ſituation is ſingularly hard; in conſequence of his inability to pay the exceſſive fine of two thouſand pounds, he is forced to abandon his country, and with it his friends and relations, and as an aggravation of his misfortunes, his wife is very far advanced in her pregnancy, and his young and helpleſs family, dependent on him for ſupport, left totally unprovided for.

Our laws can no longer be admired for their mildneſs, nor the freedom of the preſs eſteemed ſacred and ſecure, when a printer, for inadvertently inſerting a letter, may be proſecuted to deſtruction.

Nov. 11. Samples of mineral ores have been lately brought over from North-America, which are expected to prove very valuable acquiſitions.

The Iriſh parliament has hitherto proceeded in their tranſactions with eclat. The friends of the country have carried every thing before them. They find the preſent lord-lieutenant (who has more virtue, ſagacity, and ſenſe than his predeceſſor, well diſpoſed to aſſiſt them in ſerving their country, but the corrupt ſyſtem of government to which he is chained in his office will not admit of it. It is ſaid that he has been honeſt enough to make this confeſſion: he told Sir L. O'B. that he would willingly act among them like an honeſt man; but that it was impoſſible he could be an honeſt man and lord lieutenant at the ſame time.

Nov. 13. Mr. Townſend on Tueſday was remarkably facetious, he affected to conceal the chagrin he felt at reſigning the ſword of rigour and the rod of juſtice, by aſſuming an air of vivacity which ill becomes his cadaverous, countenance. On ſeeing Mr. Wilkes, he ſaid to Sayre, "don't you think Wilkes ſurprizingly altered? He looks extremely old, and has loſt all his hair," "No wonder at it," replied the ſheriff, "when the aldermen have repeatedly given him ſuch a ſcratching."

So very prevalent is the preſent faſhion of duelling, that a few days ſince two ladies met at Nova-Scotia, near Rotherhithe, to decide their pretentions to a gentleman whom they both equally eſteemed. The ſeconds were friends to the heroines; after ſeveral paſſes (both being alike ſkilled in the ſcience of the ſword) the ſeconds interpoſed, and adjuſted the affair to their mutual ſatisfaction.

Nov. 15. Parties run very high at preſent in a neighbouring kingdom, where the country intereſt prevails greatly; and we hear the conduct of the late lieutenant governor Lord Townſend will undergo a very cloſe ſcrutiny.

On Tueſday evening Lord Townſend arrived in town from inſpecting the different forts in Scotland. On Friday his lordſhip attended the levee at St. James's, and laid before his majeſty the ſtate of them. Thoſe which were found to ſtand in need of repair have been ordered by his lordſhip to be put in a proper ſtate of defence.

Friday orders were given from the ordnance office to prevent the exportation of gunpowder from any of the ports of Great-Britain, except on government account, for three months.

On Thurſday night laſt in a gale of wind the Britannia, Wade, from London to St. Vincent's, the Bleſſing, Cooper, for France, and the Marquis of Granby, Moran, for America, all lying in the Downs, parted from their anchors and cables, and were driven aſhore on the Sandwich flats; it is feared they will be all loſt.

His majeſty has purchaſed all the ſmall iſles or aites between Brentford and Kew, and they are to be cleared and planted with trees and ſhrubs next ſpring by his immediate direction.

The popular party in Ireland are uſing their utmoſt power to reduce the ſtanding army of that kingdom to 9000 effective men, inſtead of conſenting to an augmentation.

On Thurſday died, in Henrietta ſtreet, Cavendiſh ſquare, lieutenant general Gore, by which a regiment becomes vacant. On Friday died, in Berner's ſtreet, Peter Manegault, Eſq; a gentleman poſſeſſed of a large eſtate in South Carolina, where he was many years ſpeaker of the commons houſe of aſſembly. And on Saturday died, at Kenſington Gore, William Walton, Eſq; late arrived from Virginia.

Extract of a letter from Ireland, October 12.

"Died lately at Cloonterk county Mayo, John Jones, aged one hundred and two years; being twenty years of age at the time of the memorable battle of Aughrim. In 1691, when king James's army received the laſt overthrow in that kingdom, Jones being at them days of an airy diſpoſition, ſtanding near his father's houſe on Sunday the 12th of Auguſt, the memorable day on which the battle was fought, he heard a rumbling noiſe like that of diſtant claps of thunder; the report at that time being ſpread in the country of the two armies being to meet at ſuch a place, Jones imagined, and juſtly, that the noiſe which he heard was that of the cannons; he immediately ſet off, without giving the leaſt notice to his friends of his intention, and arrived at four o'clock the next morning at the field of ſlaughter, where he was ſtrongly confirmed in his mind that the noiſe he had heard the preceding day was that of the cannons; after ſome time viewing the diſmal cataſtrophe of the field, he ſet off for home, taking with him one of the enemy's horſes, which he found in an adjacent field feeding; Jones ſeeing him ready ſaddled, ſet foot in the ſtirrup and rode off, which horſe was afterwards vulgarly called the Dutch war horſe. Aughrim is computed to be ſixty miles from the place where Jones firſt heard the noiſe of the cannons. He retained his ſenſes till a few minutes before his death. He never was known to uſe ſpectacles; his eyes preſerved the ſplendent ſight of that of a youth of eighteen, and with the ſame penetrating force as to diſtinguiſh his object at as great a diſtance. He was reckoned the greateſt runner in his time in Ireland, and perhaps was the ſwifteſt man the age produced, which exerciſe he practiſed all his life, never being known to ride on horſeback let his journey be ever ſo great a diſtance. He was a perfect maſter of the gun, which ſport he choſe to be the companion of his younger and latter days; neither froſt, ſnow, or the coldeſt weather, ever hindered him from purſuing his game. Another moſt extraordinary fact is related of this brave old man: in December of the year 1771, being purſuing his uſual ſport, fired at a flock of ducks on a ſmall lough, but miſſing his water ſpaniel, who ſtrayed away in purſuit of a hare, he ſlipped off his cloaths, and ſwam into the middle of the lough, and carried off the dead game."

The many duels of late having cauſed much writing and diſcourſe on that ſubject, the following account of an intended one between the late king George II. and the father of the preſent king of Pruſſia (but which was happily prevented) may not be unentertaining to our readers:

"A perſonal animoſity had ſubſiſted, from their early youth, between Frederick William and the king of Great-Britain, by which their miniſters were frequently embarraſſed. This natural antipathy, which is worſe than hatred, had once riſen ſo high, that the two monarchs, after the example of Charles V. and

Francis I. had determined to decide it by ſingle combat; the king of England had fixed on Brigadier Sutton for his ſecond; and his Pruſſian majeſty had made choice of Col. Derſchan for his; the territory of Hildeſheim was appointed for the rendezvous. His Britannick majeſty was then at Hanover, and his Pruſſian majeſty was already arrived at Saltzdahl, near Brunſwick. Baron Von Bork, who had been the Pruſſian minister at London, and was diſmiſſed from that court in a very ungracious manner, arriving at Saltzdahl, found the king his maſter in ſo violent a rage, that he did not think it adviſable directly to oppoſe his deſign; but on the contrary, in order to gain time, ſeemed to approve of the choice of a ſingle combat, and even offered his ſervice to carry the cartel. But entering the king's apartment about an hour after, he took the liberty to ſay, "Sire, I am convinced that your majeſty's quarrel ought not to be decided but by a duel, and (if I may be allowed the expreſſion) as between one gentleman and another. But your majeſty is ſcarce recovered from a dangerous illneſs, and have ſtill remaining all the ſymptoms of your late diſorder. How unfortunate, therefore, would it be, if you ſhould relapſe the evening before the combat, or even that very morning! What a triumph would it be for the Engliſh king! And what would the world ſay! What odious ſuſpicions would it caſt upon your majeſty's courage! Would it not therefore be far better to poſtpone the affair for a few days, till your majeſty's health is re-eſtabliſhed?" The King, they ſay, acquieſced, though with difficulty, in theſe reaſonings; the cartel was not ſent; the miniſters on both ſides gained time; the wrath of the two kings by degrees evaporated, and by the next year they became in a manner reconciled.

B O S T O N, *January* 27.

Yeſterday the great and general court of aſſembly of this province met here, agreeable to the laſt prorogation, when his excellency the governor was pleaſed to make the following ſpeech to both houſes, viz.

Gentlemen of the council and
Gentlemen of the houſe of repreſentatives,

THE letters which I have received ſince your laſt ſeſſion from the right honourable the earl of Dartmouth, one of his majeſty's principal ſecretaries of ſtate, have divers matters in them, which I am now to communicate to you.

The Indians of Martha's Vineyard have, by their agent, made their application to his majeſty in council, reſpecting their claim to the iſland Chobboquiddick. A copy of their petition ſhall be laid before you. No determination has been yet made upon it. They are recommended to my countenance and protection. In the year 1763 their caſe was brought before the general court and referred to a committee of both houſes, by whom, I have reaſon to think, it was fully and impartially conſidered; but, by ſome means or other, no report from that committee was ever laid before the court.—I am to deſire you now to take the affair into conſideration, and I hope you will prevent all grounds or pretence for any further complaint of the denial or delay of juſtice.

The ſettlement of the weſtern line of this province where it is bounded by the eaſtern line of the province of New York, has been laid before his majeſty. I have the ſatisfaction of being informed, that the part which I took in the ſettlement of this line is conſidered as an acceptable ſervice to the king, as it tended to bring to an iſſue a diſpute which has been the ſource of ſo much miſchief to two of his colonies. I have reaſon to expect his majeſty's confirmation as ſoon as the neceſſary formalities of office will admit.

I gave the earlieſt attention to the requeſt of the council and houſe in their addreſs to me of the 23d of January laſt. I made the cleareſt and fulleſt repreſentation of the caſe to which it referred, and I am encouraged to hope for ſuch determination and order as ſhall be ſatisfactory to you.

The judicial proceedings of the governor and council as the ſupreme court of probate, and as the court for determining in caſes of marriage and divorce, having been impeded in many inſtances where the opinion of the governor has been different from that of the majority of counſellors preſent, the governor having always conſidered his conſent as neceſſary to every judicial act: in the year 1772, I ſtated the arguments as well againſt as for the claim of the governor, and his majeſty having been pleaſed to order the caſe thus ſtated to be laid before the lords of his majeſty's moſt honourable privy council, I am now able to inform you that it has been ſignified to me, to be his majeſty's pleaſure that I do acquieſce in the determination of the majority of counſellors preſent, voting as a court for proving wills and adminiſtration and deciding controverſies concerning marriage and divorce, although I ſhould differ in opinion from that majority. This order more immediately reſpects the councils; nevertheleſs, the tender regard which his majeſty has ſhewn for the intereſt and convenience of his ſubjects, in a conſtruction of the charter, different from what had been made by all his governors ever ſince its firſt publication, make it proper for me to communicate the order to both houſes.

I am required to ſignify to you his majeſty's diſapprobation of the appointment of committees of correſpondence in various inſtances, which ſit and act during the receſs of the general court by prorogation.

Theſe are all the matters which, from my public letters, I am to lay before you at preſent.

Gentlemen of the houſe of repreſentatives,

There never has been a time ſince the firſt ſettlement of the country when the treaſury has been in ſo good a ſtate as it is now. I may congratulate the province upon its being entirely free from debt, the tax of the laſt year, with the ſtock in the treaſury, being equal to all the ſecurities due from the government and to the charges of the current year. It is, at leaſt, worth conſidering whether it may not be adviſeable in your preſent ſeſſion, by a moderate duty on ſpirituous liquor, by an additional impoſt or by ſuch other ways and means as you may think more fit, to provide for the charges of another year. This will prevent the neceſſity which the aſſembly at the ſeſſion in May next will otherwiſe be under of contracting a new public debt.

Gentlemen of the council, and
Gentlemen of the houſe of repreſentatives,

There are certain parts of the public buſineſs of the province which have uſually been omitted in the ſeſſion which by charter muſt annually be held in May, in expectation of another ſeſſion at this ſeaſon of the year, and I need not particularly point them out to you. I may not neglect earneſtly recommending to you to employ the powers with which you are entruſted in promoting the tranquility and good order of the government. You have no reaſon to doubt of the conſent of the chair to every bill or vote which ſhall have that tendency.

Council Chamber, T. HUTCHINSON.
Jan. 26, 1774.

One John Malcom, an inferior cuſtom-houſe officer, a fellow of great inſolence, and a vile character, who had made himſelf very obnoxious to the people, was, on laſt Tueſday evening ſeverely diſciplined, ſtripped, tarred and feathered, and carted through the ſtreets.

N E W - Y O R K, *February* 3.

By a gentleman lately arrived from Hartford, in Connecticut, we are informed that the lower houſe of aſſembly of that colony had paſſed a bill for erecting a new county, and named it Trumbull county, in honour of the governor. This county is ſaid to include the lands upon Suſquehannah, which are at preſent the ſubject of a diſpute between the hon. the proprietary of Pennſylvania and the colony of Connecticut, whoſe claim has been lately examined in a three ſhilling pamphlet, juſt publiſhed by the Revd. Dr. Smith, at Philadelphia. The bill paſſed by a majority of twelve members, and was ſent to the upper houſe for their concurrence, who, it was expected, would ſend it back with ſome amendments. The inhabitants of the eaſtern part of the province are ſaid to be ſtrong advocates for, and thoſe of the weſtern are oppoſed to, this intereſting meaſure.

Feb. 7. His excellency the governor was, the 28th ult. ſeized with a violent attack from a bilious diſorder, which for ſome time threatened his life; but his excellency is now much better. And we have the pleaſure to inform that Mrs. Tryon is alſo on the recovery.

Capt. Offat, in 34 days from Penſacola, the 20th of January, lat. 35, 15, lon. 74, ſpoke with a ſnow from Glaſcow for Virginia; and the 24th of the ſame month, with a ſhip from Glaſcow for North-Carolina, 14 weeks out, all well on board both veſſels.

We hear from Brattleborough, in the county of Cumberland, that 22 couple were married in that new ſettlement, and 16 children born, in the ſhort ſpace of 6 weeks.

Capt. John Lawrence, from the Weſt Indies, the 18th ult. in lon. 66, 20, lat. 34 ſpoke with a brig from Barbados for Virginia, 40 days out, that had met with very bad weather, the maſter of which informed him, that Capt. Hynſhaw of and for this port, was to ſail from Dominica much about the time he left Barbados. The 29th following Capt. Lawrence alſo ſpoke with Capt. M'Cullough, in lat. 38, bound for Philadelphia, from Jamaica, ten weeks out, and in great diſtreſs for the want of proviſions.

Capt. Daniel Moore, from the Weſt-Indies, informs us, that the ſchooner Polly, Capt. Sandeman, and the ſchooner Polly, Capt. Allwell, both from Connecticut, for Jamaica, were caſt away on the 19th of December laſt, near Cape-Francois, veſſels and cargoes entirely loſt; and that on the 25th of the ſame month, Capt. James Creighton, in a ſloop, from this port, was caſt away on a reef going into Cape Francois; veſſel loſt, and greateſt part of the cargo, but the crew ſaved.

The 19th of December, lat. 27, capt. Moore ſpoke with the brig Polly, capt. Shields, from Jamaica, for Philadelphia, 80 days out; had been in 17 fathom water, but being in want of proviſions, intended for Cape Nichola.

A N N A P O L I S, FEBRUARY 17.

On Monday laſt came to this city from New York, the right honourable the counteſs of Dunmore with her eldeſt ſon lord Fincaſtle, and the younger branches of the family; as alſo captain Foy and his lady—the earl of Dunmore is hourly expected to meet them here, but ſhould any unforeſeen buſineſs of his government, the ſevere froſt, or contrary winds, prevent his lordſhip's arrival, within a few days 'tis ſaid they will proceed down to York river by water, ſhould the weather become more mild.

C U S T O M - H O U S E.

E N T E R E D.

None.

C L E A R E D,

Brig Rogers, James Philips, for Liſbon.
Snow Betſey, Francis Richardſon, for Leghorn.

*** *Crop and tranſfer notes, books and manifeſts, are ready to be delivered to the ſeveral inſpectors, on application at the printing office.*

ERRATA in the latter part of Dr. Howard's piece, No. 1481.

Page 1, col. 2, l. 10, *for* timor *read* tumor, l. 6, from the bottom, after the word *breathing*, add "or." Page 2, col. 2. l. 56, after the word *any*, add *one*.

W A N T E D,

A PERSON that can write a good ſtrong hand, and otherwiſe qualified to act as a clerk in the commiſſary's office; apply to

ELIE VALLETTE, Reg.

Cæcil County, January 4, 1774.

THIS is to give notice, that the veſtry of St. Mary Ann's pariſh, intend to petition the honourable aſſembly to paſs an act to confirm the right of the glebe land, being part of a tract of land called Poplar Neck, alias Clay Fall.

SAMUEL THOMSON, clerk.

Cæcil County, January 4, 1774.

THE inhabitants of St Mary Ann's pariſh, intend preſenting a petition to the next general aſſembly, for money to build a chapel in ſaid pariſh, at or near where the old one ſtood.

By order of the veſtry, at their veſtry-room in Cæcil county.

SAMUEL TROMSON, clerk.

TO be ſold a ſchoolmaſter an indented ſervant, that has got 2 years and 6 months to ſerve; for terms, apply to John Hammond near Annapolis.

N. B. He is ſold for no fault, any more than we are done with him, he can learn book-keeping, and is an exceeding good ſcholar.

Annapolis, February 16, 1774.

FOR LONDON,

THE brigantine Peggy Stewart, Richard Jackſon maſter, will be at Selby's landing on Patuxent river, by the 1ſt of March next; ready to take on board tobacco, at ſeven pounds per ton, conſigned to Wallace, Davidſon and Johnſon; thoſe of their friends who incline to take the advantage of an early market, are requeſted to have their tobacco ready with a view of diſpatching her.

February 8, 1774.

Will be expoſed at public ſale, on the premiſes, on

Monday the fifteenth of March next

SIX hundred acres of land lying in Frederick county on Linganore, within one mile of a merchant and ſaw mill, and about twelve miles from Frederick town; there are on ſaid land, about ſeventy acres of meadow land, not inferior to any in this province; about thirty or forty acres have been cleared, ditched, and under good fence; the ſoil exceeding fertile and well adapted for planting or farming: there are on the premiſes two good tobacco houſes, a dwelling houſe 16 by 20, with a ſtone chimney planked above and below, and ſundry other buildings; a ſmall apple and cherry orchard, and is a noted fine place for range, any perſon inclinable to purchaſe at private ſale, are deſired to apply before the day of ſale.

Alſo to be ſold on Tueſday the 16th of March next, the houſes and lot lying at Elk Ridge landing, any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, are deſired to apply to Mr. Nicholas Dorſey on the premiſes.

BENJAMIN DORSEY.

Ann Arundel County, Feb. 10, 1774.

To be ſold at public vendue on the premiſes, the 10th day of March next, part of a tract of land called Howard's Patapſco range. Containing 162 acres lying near Stony Run, and about three miles from Elk-Ridge landing, where there is a conſtant and ready market for the ſale of almoſt every kind of country produce.

THE ſituation is convenient to fiſhing and fowling, affords a very good and extenſive range for ſtock of all kinds, and is remarkable healthy and pleaſant. The ſoil is kind and good, being equally ſuitable for a farm or plantation; is very well wooded and watered; having two excellent and never failing ſprings of water running through it: there are about 50 acres of this part of land cleared, and incloſed under good and ſufficient fencing; 5 or 6 acres ſown down in good Timothy meadow, and between 20 and 30 acres that may be eaſily reduced to the like ſtate. It has on it a tolerable good dwelling houſe, kitchen, corn houſe, barn, tobacco-houſe, and ſome other convenient out-houſes; alſo a good garden new paled in, with a good young thriving orchard of about 200 trees of excellent fruit, and which yielded laſt ſeaſon, between 5 and 6 hhds. of cider, and will ſoon with care, afford much more. About 7 buſhels of wheat are ſowed on the premiſes, and a convenient ſpot of ground reſerved for a field of oats. The land being very kind to the produce of each of theſe. Alſo will be ſold at the ſame time on the above premiſes, ſtock of ſundry ſorts, and other particulars of huſbandry and convenience: the title which is indiſputable, and terms of ſale, may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber living on the premiſes.

N. B. The ſale to begin at 11 o'clock.

YATE PLUMMER.

WANTED for Charles county free ſchool, a maſter capable of teaching the languages, writing and arithmetic, ſuch a one by applying to the viſitors, will meet with encouragement.

The SHIP ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 10, 1774.

CAPTAIN EDEN takes this Method of informing his Friends in Patuxent, that, in compliance with the requeſt of many of them, he intends to carry her round to Benedict next month, in order to remove the apprehenſions they ſeemed to have, of too long a water carriage for their tobacco in ſmall craft; and begs that, in order to prevent any unneceſſary delays, thoſe whom he may not have an opportunity of ſeeing, or applying to, will leave their notes for the tobacco intended for him with the inſpectors of the different warehouſes; and alſo any orders for goods they may want from England, by the return of the ſhip, in the latter part of the ſummer. Inſurance is ordered, and ſhall be inſerted in the bills of lading of thoſe who do not deſire to the contrary.

His correſpondents, in other parts of the province, who are deſirous of getting their tobacco home by this opportunity to a very early market, are requeſted to give him timely notice, when and where it is ready, in order that he may ſend craft. But if it ſhould be convenient for them to ſend it by their own veſſels, or to hire any upon the ſpot, he will acknowledge their taking that trouble as an additional favour, and will pay the uſual freights on the delivery thereof on board the ſhip at Annapolis, where ſhe will continue 3 or 4 weeks from this date, or afterwards in Patuxent.

The accounts of ſales for the laſt voyage are daily expected.

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND SOLD by WILLIAM AIKMAN,
BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, Annapolis,

THE American Regiſter and Calendar for 1774. Likewiſe, Father Abraham's and Poor Will's Pocket Almanacks for the preſent Year.

*** To be ſold at W. A.'s ſhop a few groſs of OLD PORT WINE of the beſt quality, newly imported.

LAND TO BE SOLD.

TWO tracts of land at the mouth of Conecocheague, containing five hundred thirty-three acres and three quarters of an acre, which I purchaſed at the ſale of the manor, whereon Mr. Minor keeps public houſe, and where my brother George lived; whereon is a houſe two ſtorie high with brick chimnies, three fire rooms below and three above, with cellars, barns, outhouſes, &c. a good meadow, and plenty of timber to ſupport it for many, many years. But it is ſo well known to every Jerſey or Pennſylvania man, who ever went to the ſouthward to look out for land for his children, that there is no occaſion to ſay one word in praiſe of it. Whoever buys it ſhall have poſſeſſion of it next fall, time enough to put a crop of winter grain in the ground.

tf DAVID ROSS.

Annapolis, Feb. 8, 1774.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber,

A PARCEL of healthy indented ſervants, conſiſting of tailors, ſhoemakers, blackſmiths, butchers, and ſundry farmers and labourers.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

N. B. He has alſo for ſale a quantity of the beſt new feathers and a few caggs of pickled ſalmon.

Baltimore-Town, Jan. 10, 1774.

ADVERTISEMENTS have from time to time been publiſhed, requiring all perſons indebted to Meſſ. John Stewart and Campbell of London, merchants, to make payment thereof, notwithſtanding which many people have neglected ſettling their accounts: the death of Mr. John Stewart making it now abſolutely neceſſary that all balances due the partnerſhip ſhould be ſettled without delay, thoſe who neglect doing ſo may depend on being ſued without farther notice.

Attendance is given at Baltimore-Town to ſettle for dealings with David Roſs, Alexander Stewart, Stewart and Lux, William Lux, William Ruſſell, Ruſſell and Ridley, with Matthew Ridley, or on accounts current, and it is hoped none who wiſh to avoid trouble will delay ſettling.

3w MATTHEW RIDLEY.

Thoſe who have ſettled their bonds and not taken them up are deſired to call for them immediately.

THERE is at the plantation of Paul Hoy, living in Frederick county, a ſtray bright bay mare, 13 hands high, neither docked nor branded, has a ſmall white ſpot in her forehead. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

THERE is at the plantation of John Thompſon, junr. of Poplar-Hill, St. Mary's county, a black gelding, about eight years old, thirteen hands and one inch high, trots and gallops, branded on the near buttock P, his off hind foot white, and a ſtar in his forehead.

The owner may have him again, proving property and paying charges. 3w

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Dec. 19, 1773.

RAN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber living on Snowdens manor, Frederick county, Maryland, an Iriſh ſervant man named Timothy Corker, by trade a tailor, about 5 feet 6 inches high, fair complexion, thin yellow hair, talks faſt and in the Iriſh dialect: had on and took with him a felt hat, a light brown kerſey jacket with ſleeves, a pair of breeches of the ſame cloth, an Iriſh linen ſhirt, a check ditto, a pair of white country yarn ſtockings, a pair of country made ſhoes, and his hands are hard occaſioned by chopping with the ax; it is probable ſome evil minded perſon has furniſhed him with other cloaths and a paſs. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſervant and ſecures him in any jail, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, and if brought home reaſonable charges paid by

w3 JEREMIAH DUCKER.

Annapolis, Jan. 27, 1774.

SPRIGGS and DONALDSON, tailors, ſtay-makers and ladies habit-makers, take this method to inform the public, that they have juſt imported from London a large quantity of the beſt materials for carrying on the ſtay-making buſineſs, and are now removed into the houſe where Mr. Robert Pinkney lately lived. All orders from their cuſtomers and others in either of the above branches of buſineſs will be thankfully received and ſpeedily executed.

N. B. Ladies and gentlemen from the country are deſired to ſend the caſh for ſuch goods as they may be pleaſed to order.

Baltimore Town, January 18, 1774.

WILLIAM HICKS, eſq; merchant in Whitehaven, having appointed the ſubſcriber, his attorney in fact, to tranſact and ſettle all his affairs in North America, all perſons indebted to him, on bills, bonds, notes, or accounts, for goods ſhipt them, dealings with Baſil Biſcoe deceaſed, Mr. Robert Watts, or Vernon Hebb eſq; late attornies in fact for him (or otherwiſe) are deſired to make immediate payment, or be prepared to do it by March court next; and for the conveniency of thoſe indebted in Saint Mary's county, I will attend at Leonard Town, on Wedneſday and Thurſday in the ſaid court week, in order to receive and ſettle the ſame. All perſons that neglect to comply with this requeſt, will be dealt with in the ſtricteſt manner the law will admit of, for the recovery thereof, without reſpect of perſons.——To be ſold at private, if not at public ſale, the following tracts or parcels of land, lying in St. Mary's county, and as conveniently ſituated as any in thoſe parts for commerce and trade, and once the metropolis of Maryland, and flouriſhing city of St. Mary's, which land lye adjoining to each other, and have almoſt every conveniency man can aſk for, being on a fine navigable river, and ſhipping may lye ſafe and cloſe to their ſtore or granery's doors, and plenty of fiſh and oyſters. The lands are good and contain as follows: Saint Mary's freehold, 7 acres. Governor's field, 200. Squires purchaſe, 37. Part of St. Peters, 100. The old chapel land, 27 ¾. In the whole 371 ¾ acres: on which are the following improvements, a good dwelling houſe, 54 by 20 with 4 rooms below and 3 above, with a brick chimney and two fire places; kitchen, meat, and milk-houſes Store houſe 20 by 16, counting houſe, granery, barn 40 feet ſquare, two quarters for negroes, and all other convenient houſes and fine ſprings of water, one of which is ſufficient for a water-mill, and has had one erected on it many years, and ground for moſt of the neighbourhood, but gone to decay within theſe few years; (the mill houſe and ſtones are ſtill on the ſpot,) and may be rebuilt at a ſmall expence. There is alſo adjoining the ſame, a peice of leaſe land containing 378 acres, with good improvements thereon. It is impoſſible to deſcribe all the conveniencies belonging to theſe lands, any perſon wanting to purchaſe, may ſee the ſame by applying to Vernon Hebb Eſq; or Mr. Maſſey Leigh, living near the premiſes and will ſhew them. Likewiſe part of another tract of land lying within one mile of the others, called the Church Hill lands, containing about 500 acres, being wood land and plenty of timber thereon; the quit rent of thoſe lands are trifling, being under old rents and part thereof pays only 20lb wheat per hundred acres.

Alſo to be ſold ſeveral valuable ſlaves, being all country born, conſiſting of men, women, and children, amongſt which is a tanner and ſhoemaker, a cook and waſherwoman; the others have all been bred up to plantation buſineſs, alſo all the ſtock of horſes, hogs, &c. and all other things on the plantation. The whole or any part of the lands, negroes, &c may be purchaſed at private ſale from the ſubſcriber, and attendance will be given on the ſpot, from the 20th of February to the firſt of March next for that purpoſe, and if not ſold by then, the ſame will be expoſed to public ſale on Tueſday, the third day of March next, if fair, if not, the firſt fair day, and continue until the whole is ſold by

WILLIAM AISQUITH,
Attorney in fact for William Hicks, Eſq.

Annapolis, Jan. 26, 1774.

RAN away laſt Sunday night from the ſubſcriber, one William Quelch, an old, tall, ſlim made fellow, ſtoops when he walks, and wears his own gray hair: had on when he went away a whitiſh coloured kerſey jacket, old leather breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, white ſtockings, old ſhoes new ſoaled, and an old felt hat. He ſtole and carried away with him a white ſhirt, a check ditto, a pair of new ſhoes, four pair of ſtockings, a veſt with the fore parts made of blue hair ſhag, a ſmall ſilver watch, maker's name John Roberts, London, No. 7677, a pair of handſome ſilver buckles carved, a ſet ſtock-buckle marked M B, a ſet broach, a ſilver dollar that has been attempted to be cut in two and not done, with other ſmall money not known what, and ſeveral other things too tedious to mention. He ſerved the latter part of his time with Capt. John Ireland on Elk-Ridge. Whoever will take up ſaid fellow and ſecure him, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive three pounds reward, paid by

ISAAC M'HARD.

May 20, 1773.

In purſuance of a deed executed on the 18th day of May, 1773, by Meſſrs. John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, joint partners in trade, to us the ſubſcribers, in truſt for the payment of their debts in the manner in the ſaid deed expreſſed, which deed is recorded among the records of Charles county,

NOTICE is hereby given to the country creditors of the ſaid John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, and the holders of bonds and other ſpecialties, and bills of exchange, actually and bona fide executed and drawn by the ſaid John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, in the province of Maryland, that we have appointed the twenty-firſt day of February next, to meet the ſaid creditors in the town of Port-Tobacco in Charles county, in the ſaid province of Maryland, for the purpoſe of receiving their claims in writing againſt the ſaid John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, joint partners in trade as aforeſaid, and releaſes of the perſons of the ſaid John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate. And that all thoſe of the ſaid creditors, who ſhall neglect or refuſe to ſignify their claims in writing to us or one of us, or who ſhall neglect or refuſe to releaſe and acquit the perſons of the ſaid John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, in conſideration of the benefits and advantages the ſaid creditors are to receive under the ſaid deed, on or before the ſaid twenty-firſt day of February next, will be barred and excluded from all manner of benefit and advantage under the ſaid truſt deed, and the powers therein contained, according to the purport true intent and meaning thereof. JOHN ROGERS,
THOMAS STONE,
PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

December 14, 1773.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber on Sunday laſt, a ſervant man, named Thomas Hall, a carver by trade: had on, a Wilton cloth coat of a reddiſh colour, one frock of dark coloured fuſtian, waiſtcoat of the ſame, new buckſkin breeches, ribbed worſted ſtockings, and ſilver buckles; he wears his own hair which is curled at the ears and clubbed behind, is about five feet nine inches high, ſlim made, pitted with the ſmall-pox. The indenture he ſigned in London was given up to him and a diſcharge, after which he executed another indenture, by which he was to be allowed in conſideration of his former ſervice, wages after the rate of ten ſhillings per week till the expiration of his time, which would have been in September next: maſters of veſſels are requeſted not to carry him out of the country; and whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſhall receive five pounds reward, and if brought home reaſonable charges. WILLIAM BUCKLAND.

Frederick county, Jan. 19, 1774.

On Monday the 21ſt of February next if fair, if not the next fair day, will be let to the loweſt bidder, by the veſtry of Prince-George's pariſh,

THE building a church in the ſaid pariſh, at or near where the old one now ſtands, being within four miles of George-Town, where plank, ſhells and ſhingles may be had on reaſonable terms; the ſize 50 feet ſquare in the clear, the pitch 24 feet, the walls of brick 22 and a half inches thick the firſt ſtory, and eighteen inches the ſecond ſtory, the foundation up to the water table to be of ſtone three feet thick, and the water table to be three feet from the ſurface, the roof to be covered with cypreſs ſhingles: the wood for burning the bricks and the framing timber may be got on the church land; part of the money will be paid down to the undertakers, they giving bond with ſecurity for the true performance of their contract.

Signed per order,
SIMON NICHOLLS, regiſter.

THERE is at the plantation of Mary Dorſey, widow of Caleb, near Annapolis, a red cow, 8 or 9 years old, her left ear cropp'd, a little bit out of her right ear which is ſlit. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

THIS is to forewarn all persons from hunting gun or dog within my inclosures; if they do, they may depend that the law will be put in force against them by JOSEPH HOWARD.

TO THE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

SAMUEL RUSBATCH, late pupil to Robert Maberly Esq; coach and herald painter, and varnisher to their majesties and the royal family; proposeth (under the direction of Joseph Horatio Anderson, architect in Annapolis) to carry on all the various branches of coach and herald painting, varnishing and guilding; as well plain as in the most decorated taste. Also painting in fresco, cire-obscure, decorated ceilings for halls, vestibules, and saloons, either in festoons of fruits, flowers, figures, or trophies. Carved ornaments in deception, guilding and burnishing in the neatest manner. As well house-painting, in distemper as dead whites, as in the common colours, &c. Those ladies and gentlemen who please to favour him with their commands, may depend on his speedy execution: which he flatters himself will soon recommend him to the favour of the public.

N. B. All letters and orders, sent or directed to Mr. Anderson, (as above) will be particularly attended to.

Piscataway, Jan. 1, 1774.

THE subscriber having furnished himself with materials for carrying on the staymaking business, hope for the encouragement from ladies and others for their orders for stays, which they may depend on having executed in the best and neatest manner, newest fashion, and on the shortest notice. The business being carried on under the direction of Richard Littlemore, who carried on business for Mr. Charles Wallace in Annapolis for several years, and these last seven years for Mr. Alexander Ferguson, and of late for his widow in London-Town,

CHARLES LANSDALE.

N. B. I still continue to ride as a by-post from Leonard-Town St. Mary's county to Annapolis, orders may be left at the following places, viz. Leonard-Town; Mr. James Jordan's; Wiccomoco; Chaptico; Newport; Allen's-Fresh; Port-Tobacco; Upper Marlborough; Queen-Anne; Bladensburg; George-Town; at the Printing-Office, Annapolis; with Mr. Levi Grooms, post-rider from Fredericksburg to Annapolis; and at the subscriber's house, Piscataway; at which places the stays will be left agreeable to direction. C. L.

Annapolis, December 7, 1773.

THE subscriber being possessed of more houses and lots in this city than are necessary for the accommodation of his own family, is willing to dispose of one or more of them to any person that is willing to purchase. For further particulars enquire of tf JOHN CAMPBELL.

Rock Castle, December 16, 1773.

ALL persons having claims against John Morton Jordan, deceased, late of the city of Annapolis, are desired once more to bring in their accounts legally proved immediately, that payment may be made. Sundry persons have at different times told me that they have claims against the estate, for tobacco shipped, &c. and have hitherto neglected (if they have any such legal claims) to bring them in; this is to give them notice, that the administrator is paying over the balance of the money come to his hands, to carry the direction of the deceased's will into execution, and looks upon it that after this public notice given, that those who neglect to bring in their accounts will be for ever barred, and the administrator not liable for any debts of the deceased that may hereafter come against him. Those who are indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, otherwise suits will be brought against them to the next court, without exception.

8 w REUBEN MERRIWETHER, administrator with the will annexed, of J. M. J. with respect to his effects in this province only.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

May 20, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation, in Frederick county, on the head of Bennett's creek, on the 17th inst. at night, a convict servant man, named William Flint, about 22 years of age, born in the west of England, a spare slim fellow, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, short black hair, and has lost one of his fore teeth: he had on, and took with him, a white cotton jacket, brown cloth ditto much worn, a pair of leather breeches black and dirty, two white shirts, two pair of stockings and shoes, and a new felt hat; it's possible he may have changed his name and apparel, as he has a sum of money with him.

Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him either to John Plummer, overseer on the above-said plantation, or to the subscriber living in Anne-Arundel county, near Elk-Ridge church, shall have the above reward for their trouble, besides what the law allows, paid by tf HENRY RIDGELY.

THERE is at the plantation of Richard Edeler, son of Thomas, a small stray black stallion, with a hanging mane and switch tail, no perceivable brand, about four years old.

The owner may have him again, proving property and paying charges. w3

St. Mary's county, Jan. 1, 1774.

THE partnership of Hawkins and O'Neill being dissolved, all persons indebted to them are desired to make immediate payment, otherwise they will be sued without respect to persons.

TO BE SOLD, BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

THREE hundred acres of patent land, and about thirty acres leased land for ninety-nine years, all joined together, lying in Baltimore county, about ten miles from Bush-Town, on the main road that goes from Bush to York-Town, Pennsylvania, about twelve miles from Joppa, and about eighteen from Baltimore-Town; the land is good, and will suit either for farming, or planting tobacco; it is likewise well situated for a tavern or store, as it lies on the main road that all the waggons from the upper mills go to Baltimore-Town, and joins the land of Mr. Abraham Whitaker, where he now lives, who is building and letting lots to several people for keeping taverns and stores; it is well adapted for such business, as it lies in the heart of a settlement where there are large quantities of wheat made, and many merchant mills convenient; there are on the land two small plantations; on one of them a small dwelling house in middling good repair, a good barn, and a large apple orchard of good fruit and bears well; on the other place there is a middling good large dwelling house in pretty good repair, and other convenient houses, and a small apple orchard of good fruit; there likewise may be made meadow enough to support the place with hay, without much trouble. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase, may see the above land by applying to Mr. Abraham Whitaker, or the subscriber.——Likewise to be sold, a large two story brick dwelling house in the town of Joppa, on a water lot, the house is almost new, has four rooms on a floor, and eight fire places, cellars under the whole, and a neat store made of one of the rooms, which is quite private from the other part of the house, and now rented to Walter Tolley, jun. Esq; Any person inclinable to purchase the aforesaid house and lot, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber living in the fork of Gunpowder, near Joppa. The title of the whole indisputable.

JOHN HAMOND DORSEY.

ANY gentleman, who is qualified to teach the classicks, by applying to the visitors of King Williams school, in the city of Annapolis, will be treated with on the following terms. His annual stipend to be £.55 sterling certain, and £.5 currency to be paid by each scholar in the latin school: to a person, who shall be capable of discharging the office of usher, will be given £.30 sterling per annum certain, and £.2 : 10 currency paid by each scholar as abovementioned: to a scribe who can teach English, writing, and arithmetick, will be given £.6 sterling certain per annum, with every advantage arising from the scholars he instructs, and liberty to make his own bargain with their parents. There are very good apartments in the house, besides those appropriated for the use of the scholars with a good kitchen and cellar: these being entirely for the use of the master, will render it a very comfortable place of residence. Any engagements the visitors enter into, cannot take place till the 3d day of April next, and to prevent trouble, it is to be hoped that no persons will make application who are not properly qualified to fill the abovementioned stations.

Signed by order,
JOHN DUCKETT, register.

Annapolis, December 8, 1773.

PRYSE and PARKER,

COACH and COACH HARNESS MAKERS from London,

TAKE this method to acquaint the public, that they have just furnished themselves with a large quantity of the best materials for the coach-making business, which they now carry on, in all its various branches, at their shop just without the Town-gate, opposite the smith's shop; and flatter themselves they can give as great satisfaction to those ladies and gentlemen who please to favour them with their commands as any of the trade, as they have had many years experience in the most eminent and approved of shops in London. All orders shall be punctually executed on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Said Pryse carries on the saddlers and harness-making business as usual, and hopes, from his constant endeavours to oblige, for a continuance of encouragement from the public.

December 7, 1773.

To be leased for a term of years,

THE WINDMILL and GRANARY in the city of Annapolis. For Terms apply to

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME,
or
DANIEL DULANY, junior.

N. B. If not leased between this and April next they will be offered for sale.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation, near Poplar Spring Chapel, in Anne Arundel county, an Irish convict servant, named Lawrence Connolly, about eighteen years old, swarthy complexion, slim made, speaks much in that dialect; had on and took with him, a blue coat and waistcoat double breasted, white shirt, worsted stockings, new shoes, and a Carolina felt hat.——Whoever takes up the said servant, and delivers him to Charles Porter, overseer on said plantation, or the subscriber living on Elk-Ridge, shall receive as a reward twenty shillings if taken twenty miles from home, thirty shillings if thirty miles, forty shillings if forty miles, and three pounds if out of the province, besides what the law allows.

JOHN DORSEY.

December 15, 1773.

WENT away about ten days ago from the house of the subscriber in the city of Annapolis, a young mulatto woman, called Moll or Polly, about twenty three years of age, thin and low in stature; she is supposed to be secreted either on the north side of Severn or elsewhere, by a negro man of Mr. John Brice's, called Paul, with which negro she keeps company: if any person except the negro abovementioned will bring the said mulatto woman to the subscriber, they shall be handsomely rewarded for their trouble, and whoever harbours or entertains her shall be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

tf CHARLES CARROLL of Carrollton.

Piscataway, Jan. 1, 1774.

To be sold to the highest bidder, at the house of Mr. Carne, in Piscataway town, on the third Monday in March next, agreeable to an act of assembly,

THE following tracts or parcels of land, lying within a mile or two of the said town, adjoining to each other, viz. part of Hawkins's lot, 184 acres; Something, 49 acres; Merry-Thought, 40 acres; part of God's-Gift, 117½ acres: the whole containing 390½ acres of good well timbered land; good orchards of peaches and apples, and other considerable improvements; likewise 16 acres of land in the said town of Piscataway, being part of a tract of land called Hazard and Never Fear, with considerable improvements on it. And on the fourth Monday in March next will be sold to the highest bidder, at the house of Mr. Peter Croft's in Frederick-Town, part of a tract or parcel of land called John and Priscilla, containing 62½ acres. I shall attend two days preceding each day's sale, on the said lands, in order to shew them to the purchasers. Six months credit will be given for one half the purchase money, upon giving bond and unquestionable security, to

ts GEORGE F. HAWKINS.

Kent county, Jan. 5, 1774.

THE subscriber's salary being lessened in value almost one half by an act passed the last session, for the support of the clergy of the church of England in this province; he finds it necessary for the support of his family and other purposes, to join to his ministerial office some other business. He has therefore opened a grammar school at his house in Kent county, about five miles from Rock-Hall, where gentlemen may have their sons boarded, and taught the latin and greek tongues, and other parts of literature in the best manner, at thirty pounds per annum, and the greatest care taken of them.

tf ROBERT READ.

Annapolis, January 5, 1774.

To be sold by the subscriber, for ready money, or one year's credit, on giving bond upon interest, with good security.

TWO tracts of land, called Foothold, and Friendship, lying contiguous to each other, containing two hundred and ninety-five acres, lying on the south side of Magotty-river, within five miles of Annapolis; Also a tract of land called the mountains of Wales, containing four hundred acres, lying on the north side of Magotty-river, within three miles of Magotty ferry. The above lands are well timbered, wooded, and watered, and beautifully situated on the river, with some cultivations and improvements, they rent for twenty-four pounds per year, are clear of incumbrance, (except the tenants leases, which will expire the thirtieth of November next) and the title indisputable. W. WORTHINGTON.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Molly and Betsey, Captain Nicholson, from London, and to be sold, by the subscribers, at their store on the dock, in Annapolis, on very reasonable terms, for cash or short credit.

A NEAT and general assortment of European and East-India goods.

WALLACE DAVIDSON and JOHNSON.

WANTED,

AS AN APPRENTICE,

BY THE PRINTERS HEREOF,

A BOY THAT CAN READ WELL.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON.